viding surety coverage to the Federal credit union with reference to loss by reason of acts of fraud or dishonesty including forgery, theft, embezzlement, wrongful abstraction or misapplication on the part of the person, directly or through connivance with others, and such other surety coverages as the Director may determine to be reasonably appropriate or as elsewhere required by this chapter. Any such bond or bonds shall be in an amount in relation to the money or other personal property involved or in relation to the assets of the Federal credit union as the Director may from time to time prescribe by regulation for the purpose of requiring reasonable coverage. In lieu of individual bonds the Director may approve the use of a form of schedule or blanket bond which covers all of the officers and employees of a Federal credit union whose duties include the receipt, payment, or custody of money or other personal property for or on behalf of the Federal credit union. The Director may also approve the use of a form of excess coverage bond whereby a Federal credit union may obtain an amount of coverage in excess of the basic surety coverage. Approved August 24, 1954.

Public Law 657

CHAPTER 906

AN ACT

To authorize and direct the Secretary of the Interior to transfer forty acres of land in the Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation, Montana, to School District Numbered 6, Rosebud County, Montana.

August 24, 1954 [H. R. 8897]

Rosebud County.

Mont. Conveyance.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding any contrary provision of law the Secretary of the Interior, or his authorized representative, is hereby authorized and directed to transfer by patent to School District Numbered 6, Rosebud County, Montana, or to any other appropriate governmental agency or local school authority in Montana empowered to take title to land for construction of a public school, in accordance with the resolution of January 29, 1954, by the Northern Cheyenne Tribal Council, all right, title, and interest of the United States and the Northern Chevenne Tribe, reserving however to the said Northern Cheyenne Tribe all mineral rights, including gas and oil, as provided by the Act of June 3, 1926 (ch. 450, 44 Stat. 690), in and to a tract of approximately forty acres of land within the Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation, described as the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter, section 33, township 2 south, range 41 east, Montana prime meridian, subject to such existing easement, right-of-way or other interest as may now be held by the State of Montana for the routing of State Highway Numbered 8.

Approved August 24, 1954.

Public Law 658

CHAPTER 907

AN ACT

To provide for the conveyance of certain land owned by the Federal Government near Vicksburg, Mississippi, to Vicksburg, Mississippi.

August 24, 1954 [H. R. 9194]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to convey, for and in consideration of an amount equal to the reasonable appraised value thereof as determined by the Secretary, to the city of Vicksburg,

Vicksburg, Miss. Conveyance.

Mississippi, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to certain land, comprising approximately one and nine hundred fourteen one-thousandths acres (including accretions thereto, and any riparian rights appurtenant to such land) near the city of Vicksburg, Mississippi, more particularly described as parcels 1 and 2 as shown on an official map of the United States Department of the Interior, identified as "Drawing No. NMP-VIC, 2028-A", dated August 15, 1951, and consisting of four sheets carrying such identification.

Approved August 24, 1954.

Public Law 659

CHAPTER 908

August 24, 1954 [H. R. 9582] AN ACT

To provide for the disposition of surplus personal property to the Territorial government of Alaska.

Alaska. Surplus property. 63 Stat. 377. 40 USC 471 note.

Definitions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding any provision of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, or any other provision of law, surplus personal property may be disposed of until December 31, 1956, to the Territorial government of Alaska at the request of the Governor of Alaska without reimbursement or transfer of funds when such surplus personal property is found by the Governor to be essential for the operations or activities of the Territorial government. Sec. 2. The terms "property" and "surplus property", as used in

Sec. 2. The terms "property" and "surplus property", as used in section 1 hereof, shall have the meaning now or hereafter ascribed to them in the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended.

Approved August 24, 1954.

Public Law 660

CHAPTER 909

August 24, 1954 [H. R. 9630] AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to execute an amendatory contract with the Black Canyon Irrigation District, Idaho, and for other purposes.

Black Canyon Irrigation District, Idaho. Repayment conBe it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to execute on behalf of the United States the amendatory repayment contract with the Black Canyon Irrigation District, Idaho, negotiated pursuant to section 7 of the Reclamation Project Act of 1939 (53 Stat. 1187, 1192; 43 U. S. C., 1946 edition, sec. 485f) and approved by the District's electors on April 20, 1954.

Sec. 2. The Secretary is further authorized, on the basis of the principles set forth in the revised allocation and repayment report for the Boise Federal reclamation project, Idaho, dated September 21, 1953 (which report is in part the basis upon which the above-described amendatory repayment contract was negotiated), and subject to then existing contractual obligations of the United States in relation to the Boise project (1) to coordinate his operation of the facilities of the project with that of other Federal installations on the Boise and Payette Rivers, (2) to allocate an appropriate portion of the construction cost and of the operation and maintenance costs of the project to each of the functions (primarily irrigation, including irrigation power, commercial power, and flood control) served by it, and (3) to account for the return of the reimbursable allocations in accordance with the Federal reclamation laws.